# A Demonstration of Using $\operatorname{AT} T_{E} X$ with $R$ 

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Our data set has 141 observations. The distribution of gender is the following:

|  | gender |
| ---: | ---: |
| female | 67 |
| male | 74 |

Table 1 shows the regression results.

Table 1: Regression Results

|  | Dependent variable: |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | colGPA |  |  |
|  | $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ |
| hsGPA | $0.482^{* * *}$ |  | $0.453^{* * *}$ |
|  | $(0.090)$ |  | $(0.096)$ |
| ACT |  | $0.027^{* *}$ | 0.009 |
|  |  | $(0.011)$ | $(0.011)$ |
| Constant | $1.415^{* * *}$ | $2.403^{* * *}$ | $1.286^{* * *}$ |
|  | $(0.307)$ | $(0.264)$ | $(0.341)$ |
| Observations | 141 | 141 | 141 |
| $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | 0.172 | 0.043 | 0.176 |
| Note: | ${ }^{*} \mathrm{p}<0.1 ;{ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}<0.05 ;{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}<0.01$ |  |  |

In model (1), $\hat{\beta}_{1}=0.482$. Finally, here is our regression graph:


